

THE WATER CHALLENGE EVERYDROPCOUNTS



Green Week - Brussels, 22-25 May 2012

« Emerging »pollutants in water

Screening European waters to anticipate priorities

What are "emerging" pollutants?

Compounds, released as a result of human activities and with poor or no information on occurrence and with concern regarding their effects on eco-systems.

They are generally not or only vaguely mentioned in environmental legislation.

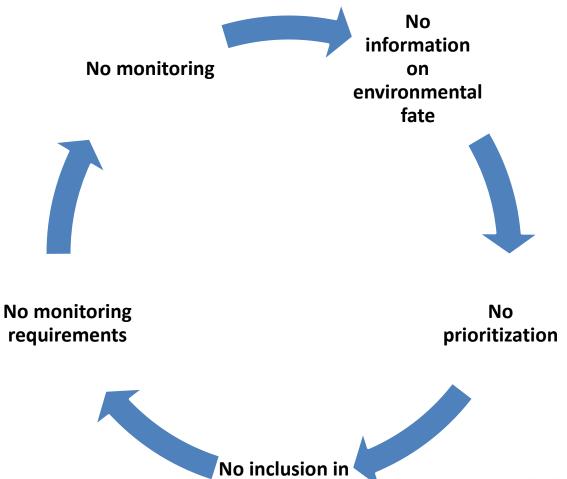


The challenge

- Potential risks
- Many candidate compounds (thousands...)
- Difficult measurements
- High variability of occurrence
- Limited resources



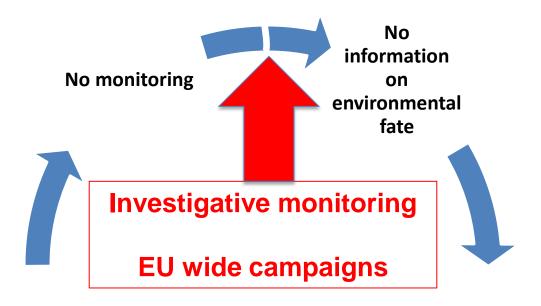
The need for information



legislation



The need for information



No monitoring requirements

No prioritization



The need for Europe-wide monitoring datasets

- Identification of concern through research triggers need for larger datasets
- Need of pilot monitoring for confirmation of possible risk
- Effective short term results provided by single laboratory approach
- Further activity.....



EU wide campaigns

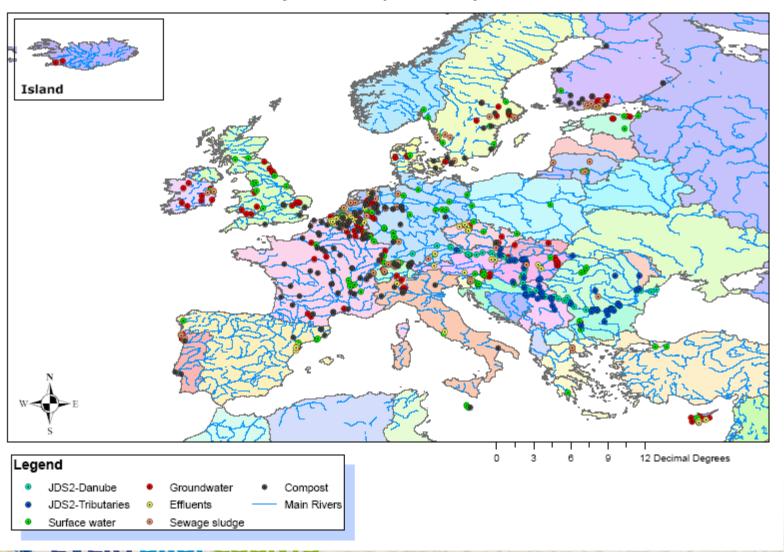


EVERYDROPCOUNTS

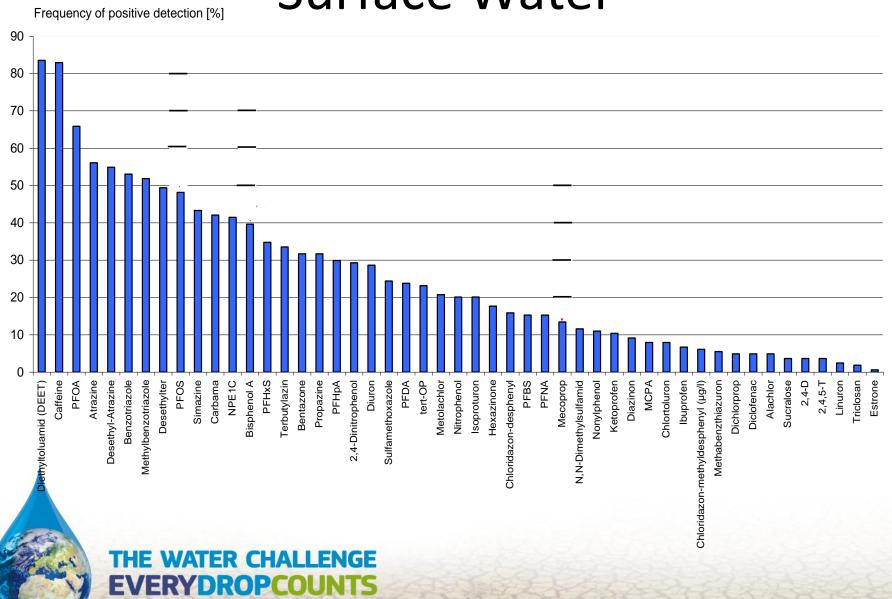
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FATE EU-Wide Monitoring - European map

(Status: April 2012)

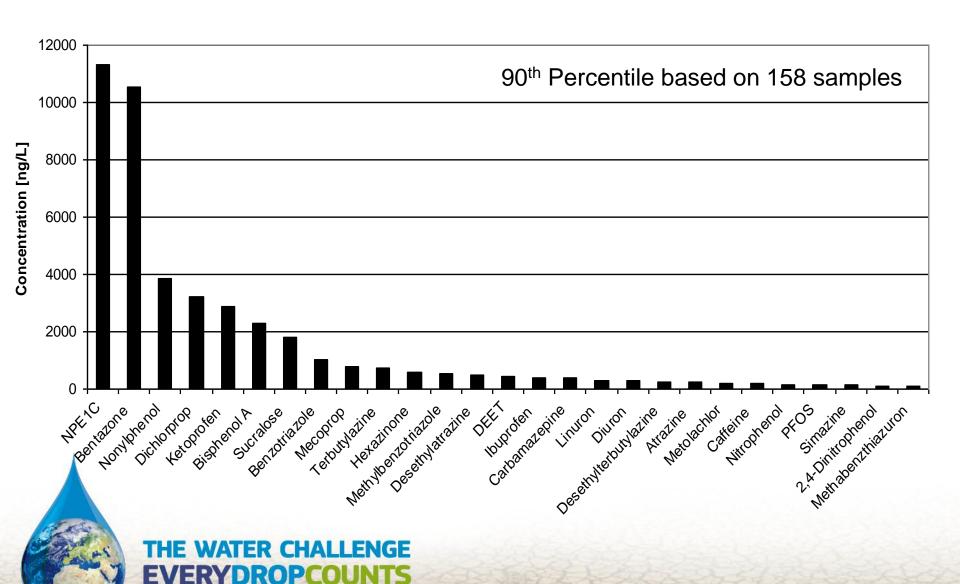


Surface Water



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Groundwater



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Waste Water Treatment Plant Effluents

- Final reporting in progress
- 91 WWTP effluents analyzed
- 168 organic chemicals and 20 trace elements
- 134 out of 168 target compounds were detected

Chemical Analytical Screening Methods for analysis of large pollutant numbers

- qualitative and quantitative assessment
- large number of organic chemical substances
- single analytical procedure
- new sophisticated methodologies



You know what you are looking for? Or not? Target screening – Non-target screening

Current situation:

- Chemical Analytical Screening methods are in use
- Few laboratories use high resolution mass spectrometric techniques
- Target screening prevails over non-target screening methods
- > Target compound lists range from < 20 to 950 compounds
- There is need for harmonisation by information exchange and collaborative field tests



NORMAN - Network of reference laboratories for the analysis of emerging pollutants

Network of > 50 EU leading Environmental Institutions

Mission: •Exchange information and improve data quality

Promote synergies among research teams

Some achievements:

•Working Groups: WG1) Prioritisation of EPs, WG2) Bioassays, WG3) Effect-directed analysis

•Databases: EMPODAT: Occurrence and (eco)toxicity data;

NORMAN MassBank : Mass spectra =>> identification of unknowns

•NORMAN Protocol for methods' validation - under negotiation at

CEN =>> future CEN TS

•10 thematic international workshops

Bulletin publication









Some conclusions

- Not every detected substance is a thread
- Information on toxicological data and effects is missing
- Information exchange on compounds and methods is needed
- Methodological innovation is needed