

**NORMAN Workshop, Amsterdam, April 2017**



**SIMONI (SMART INTEGRATED MONITORING):  
A NOVEL BIOANALYTICAL STRATEGY FOR WATER  
QUALITY ASSESSMENT**



**Ron van der Oost**

# Outline

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- **Micropollutant risks: substances or effects?**
- **Effect-based water quality monitoring**
- **SIMONI 1.2 model & effect-based trigger values**
- **Future of regular water quality monitoring..?**

# Effects or substances?



No one else has more...

1 2 9, 3 1 8, 8 4 0 ORGANIC AND INORGANIC  
SUBSTANCES  
TO DATE

A global team of scientists is continually adding substance information from the world's disclosed chemistry to the [CAS REGISTRY<sup>SM</sup>](http://www.cas.org), the gold standard for chemical substance information.

[www.cas.org](http://www.cas.org)

water net

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# WFD monitoring

**Non-chemical factors:  
habitat, hydromorphology  
microbiology, predation,  
etc**

## Integrative monitoring

**Chemical  
status:  
45 priority  
pollutants**

**Toxicology:  
bioassays (EDA)**

**Ecological  
status:  
biological  
groups  
populations**

# Monitoring effects or substances..?

## Bioanalytical tools:

- 😊 Limited amount of assays can give a cost-effective and reliable risk assessment
- 😞 Low substance specificity
- 😊 Bioavailability included
- 😊 Mixture toxicity included
- 😊 Metabolites included
- 😊 Unknown substances included
- 😞 Chronic exposure is difficult and expensive
- 😞 No accepted classification available
- 😞 Biomagnification not included
- 😊 No effects 🙅 no worries

....

Dick de Zwart (RIVM, Netherlands)

## Chemical analyses:

- 😞 Search for a needle in a haystack: obligatory analysis of more than 200 substances in drinking water
- 😞 Many analyses are yet impossible (e.g. matrix effects)
- 😞 Not enough toxicity data available for risk assessment (ERA)
- 😞 No information on bioavailability
- 😞 No information on mixture toxicity
- 😊 Direct comparison to substance-directed legal guidelines
- 😞 Low concentrations 🙅 still worries
- 😞 Surrogate security and accuracy

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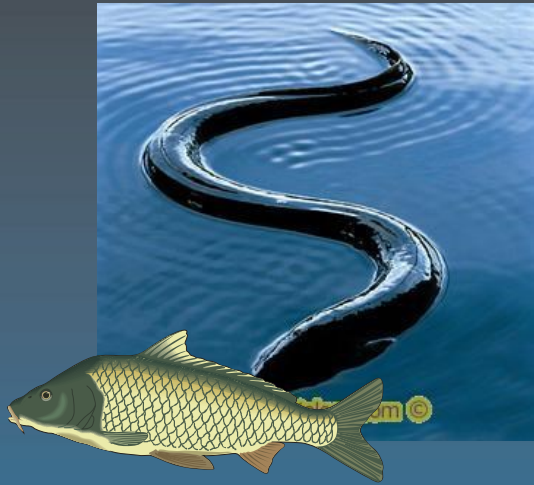
# Outline

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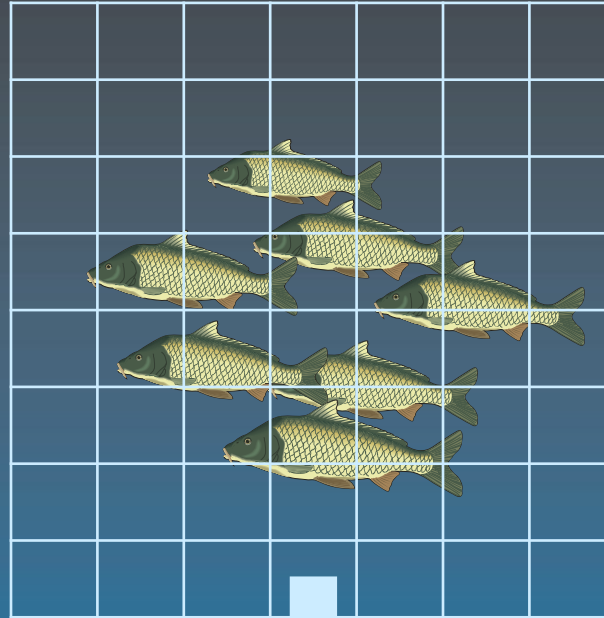
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# Effect-based water quality monitoring

## Passive sampling



**Biomarkers:**  
Biochemical changes

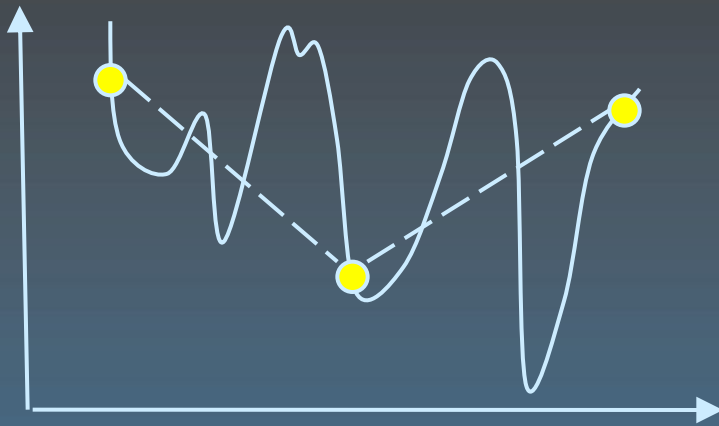


**Bioassays**

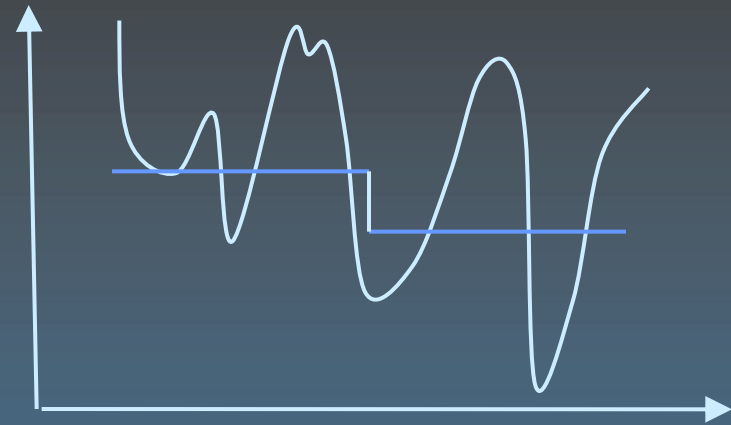
water  net

# Passive sampling: time integration

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Grabsamples

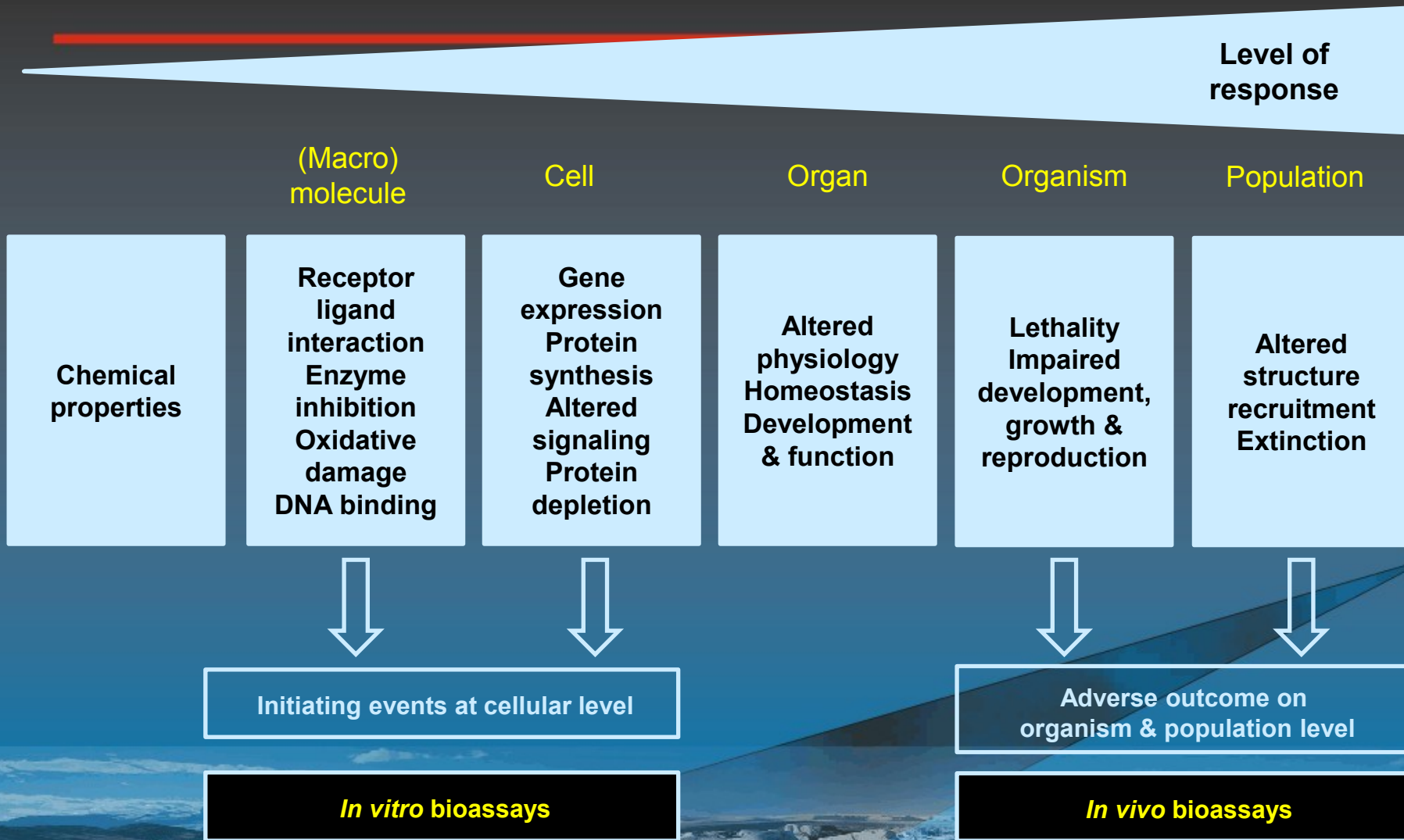


Passive sampling

- Grabsamples are 'snapshots'
- PS is better for trends & time weighed average
- Lower sampling frequencies needed with PS



# Adverse Outcome Pathways (AOP)



# Relevance of observed toxicity

**Toxicokinetics**

**Toxicodynamics**



**in vivo bioassays (whole organisms, non-specific)**

**ADME?**

**In vitro bioassays (cell culture, specific)**

**A: passive samplers**

# Outline

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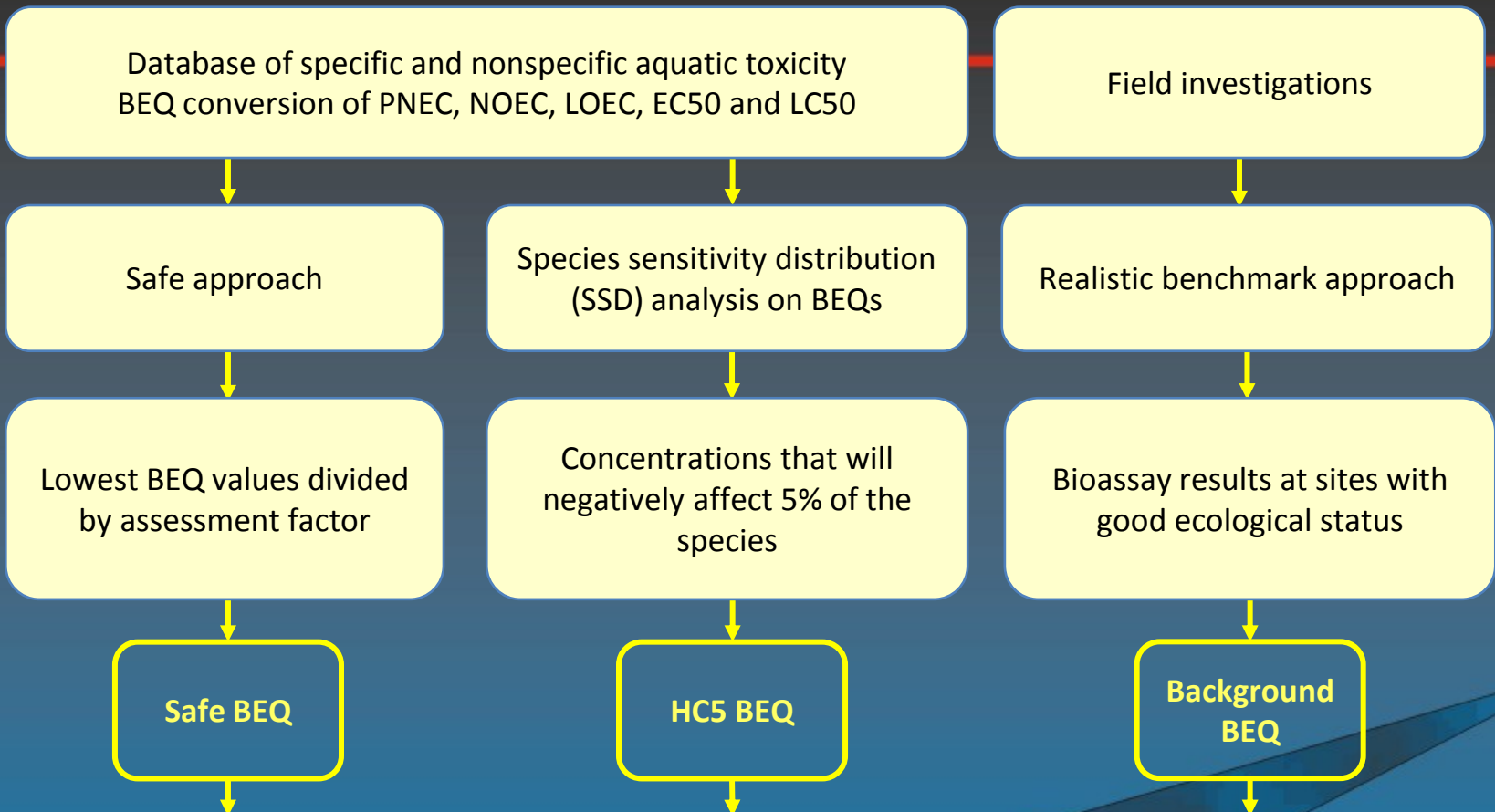
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# Selection toxicological endpoints SIMONI

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- **In situ toxicity (water):**
  - Daphnids: mortality (1 week)
- **General toxicity (concentrated extracts)**
  - cel culture: cytotoxicity
  - Bacteria: luminescence
  - Algae: growth inhibition
  - Daphnids: mortality (immobilisation)
- **Specific toxicity (concentrated extracts)**
  - Endocrine disruption: ER, anti-AR, GR
  - Xenobiotics metabolism (DR, PXR)
  - PAH toxicity
  - Lipid metabolism: PPAR
  - Antibiotics activity (5 classes)
- **Reactive toxicity (concentrated extracts)**
  - Genotoxicity
  - Oxidative stress

# Effect-based trigger values SIMONI



**Evaluation algorithms:**

- Background BEQ < HC5 BEQ => EBT ~ HC5 BEQ
- Background BEQ << HC5 BEQ => EBT ~ 5x Safe BEQ
- Background BEQ ~ HC5 BEQ => EBT within HC5 95% confidence interval
- Background BEQ > HC5 BEQ => EBT ~ 2x Background BEQ (chemical stress)

→ EBT

# Effect-based trigger values *in vitro*

Endpoints	Bioassays	Safe BEQ	HC5 BEQ	Background BEQ	EBT
Estrogenic	ERa CALUX (ng EEQ/L)	0.0066	0.52 (0,02-5.4)	0,06	0.5
Anti-androgenic	anti-AR CALUX (µg F1EQ/L)	0.00005	0.13 (0.05-0.27)	5	25
Dioxin and dioxin-like	DR CALUX (pg BEQ/L)	0.4	137 (15-736)	13	50
Glucocorticoid	GR CALUX (ng DEQ/L)	20	2145 (116-14311)	<1.2	100
PPARγ receptor	PPARγ CALUX (ng REQ/L)	0.00014	0.3 (0.002-6.9)	4	10
Reactive PAHs	PAH CALUX (ng BEQ/L)	0.04	47 (2-368)	63	150
Oxidative stress	Nrf2 CALUX (µg CEQ/L)	0.000006	0.034 (0.008-0.11)	4	10
Pregnane X	PXR CALUX (ng N1EQ/L)	0.000004	0.008 (0.002-0.024)	1,5	3
Antibiotics RIKILT WaterSCAN	Aminoglycosides (ng N2EQ/L)	300	33222 (1546-219614)	<90	500
	Macrolides & β-Lactam (ng PEQ/L)	1.8	98 (13-470)	<1.4	50
	Sulphonamides (ng SEQ/L)	10	67037 (24675-148222)	4.6	100
	Tetracyclines (ng OEQ/L)	170	27275 (8292-68544)	<22	250
	Quinolones (ng F2EQ/L)	5.3	8759 (2197-26050)	<44	100

# Ecological Key Factor Toxicity



**HIGH RISK**

**CUSTOMIZED INVESTIGATION**

**ROUTINE SCREENING**

both bad

Chemistry  
(KRW+)

msPAFchemical

bad & good  
good & bad

**POTENTIAL RISK?**

Advanced chemistry:  
msPAF for more  
new substances

Toxicology:  
in vivo bioassays  
TIE & EDA

Biology KRW+  
(msPAF ecology)

Toxicology  
(bioassays)

> Trigger values?

**Toxicity  
traffic light**

Passive and/or  
grabsampling

both good

**LOW RISK**

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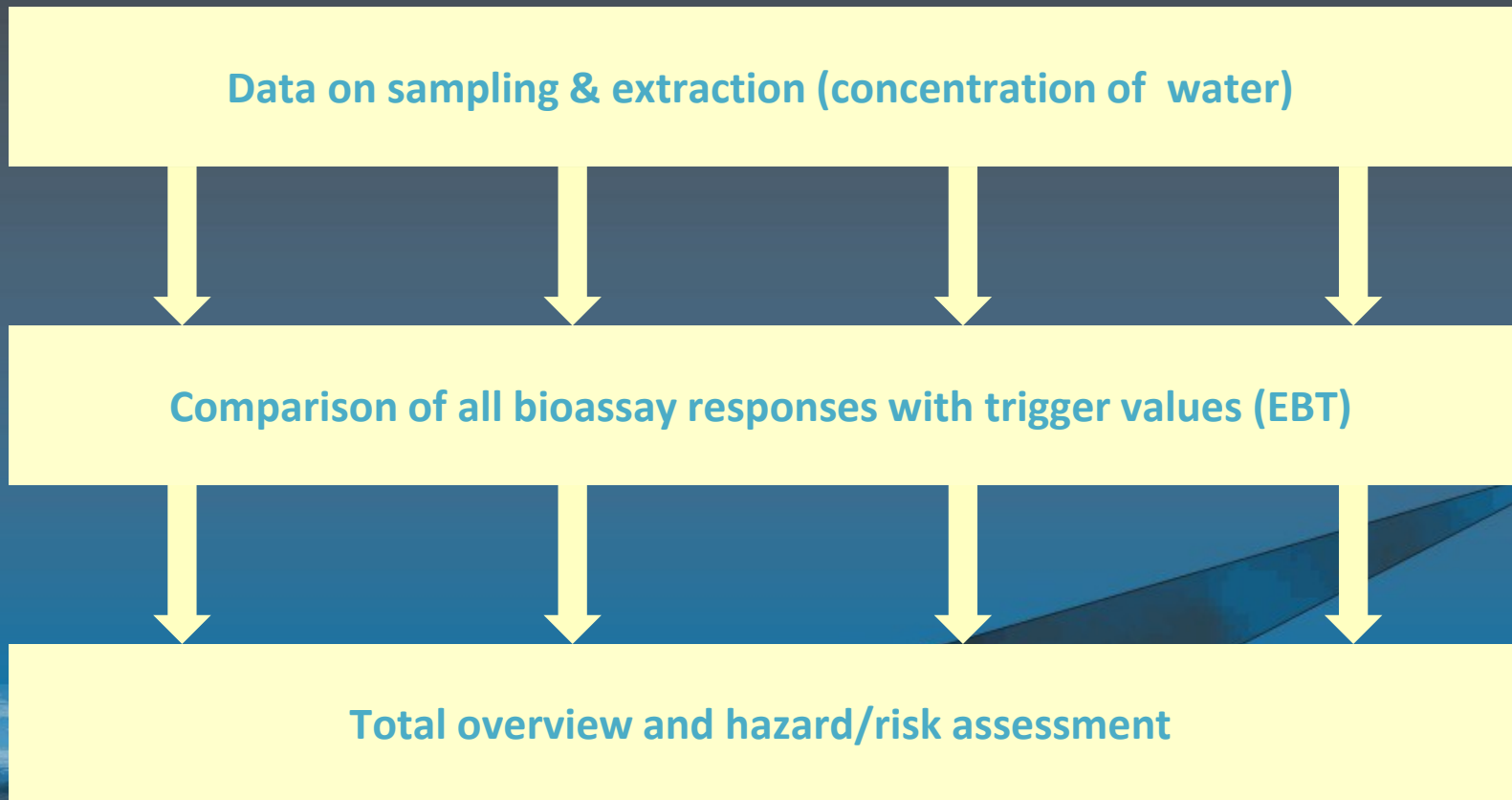
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# SIMONI – effect-based risk assessment

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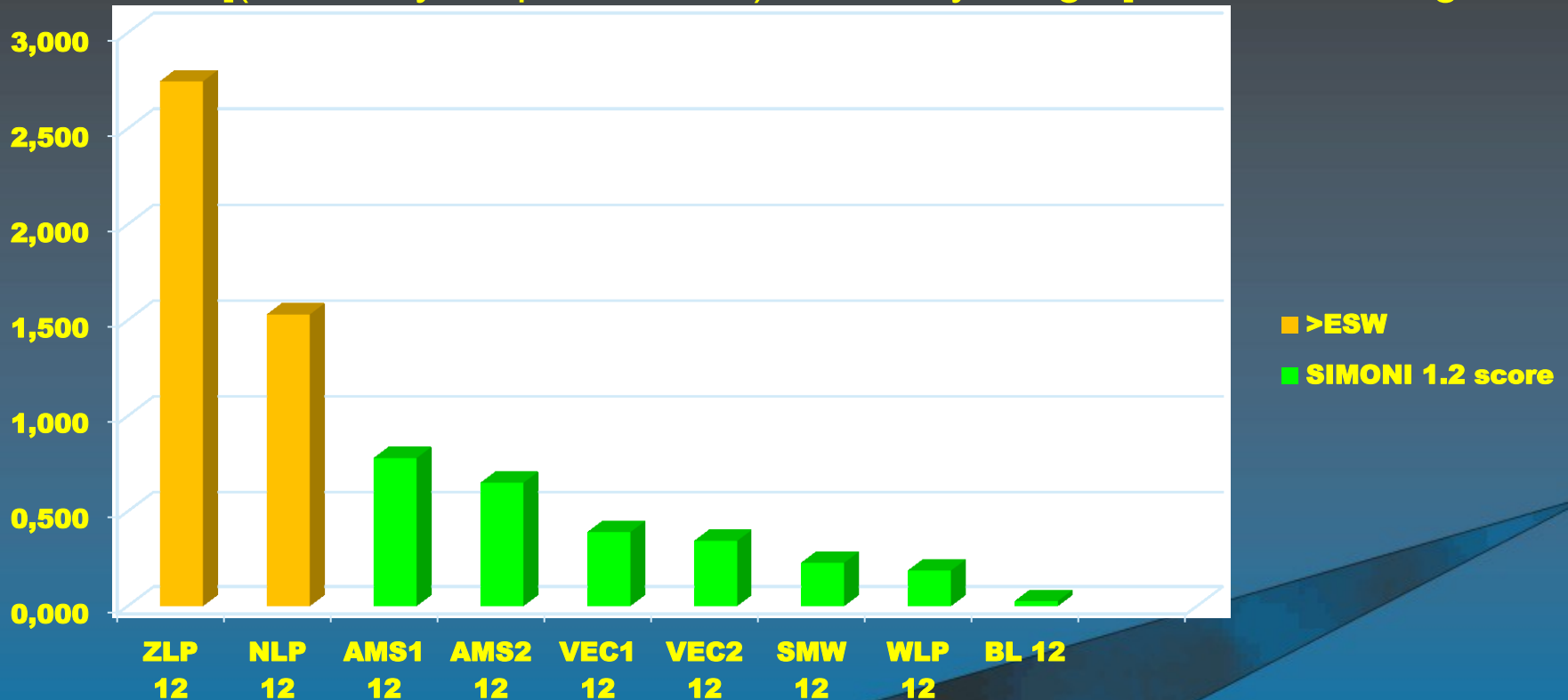
Van der Oost et al., ET&C, in press (parts 1&2)





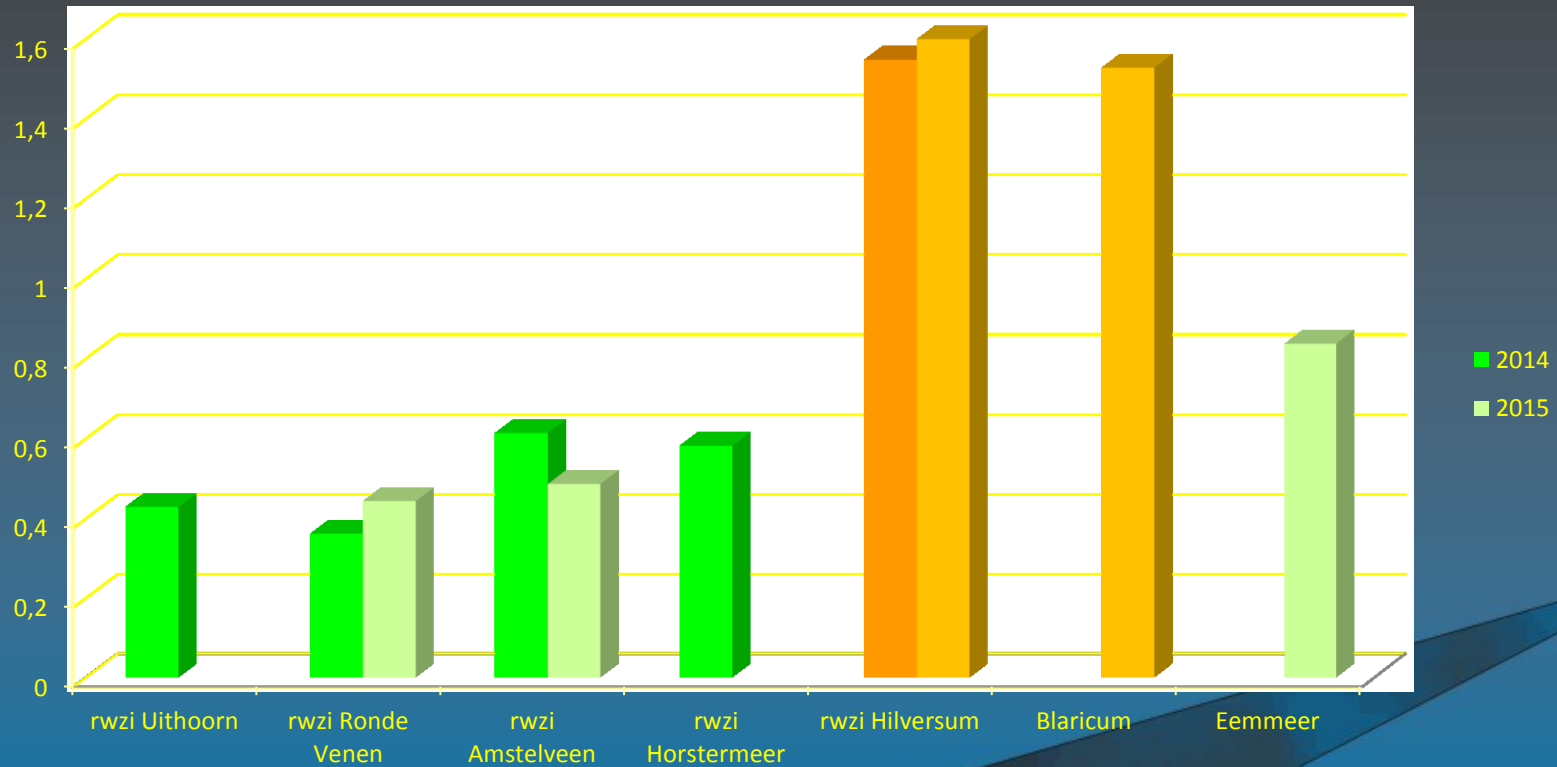
# SIMONI 1.2: hotspots micropollutant risk

Risk =  $\Sigma [(bioassay\ response/EBT) * bioassay\ weight] / 0,5 * total\ weight$



Highest ecological risks [score >1] in greenhouse areas (pesticide emission)

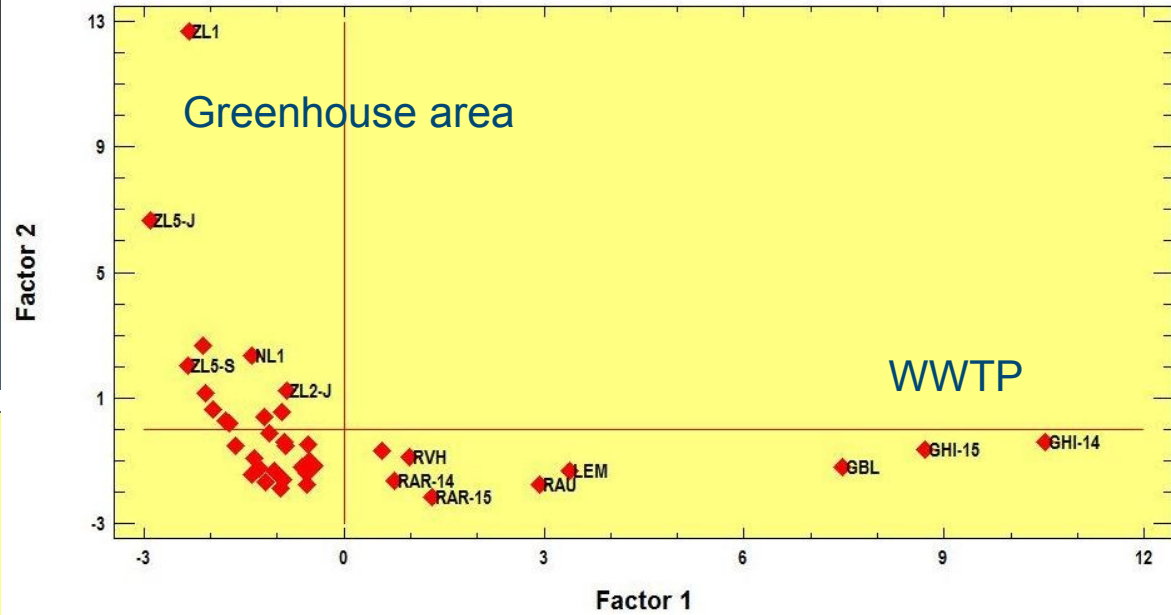
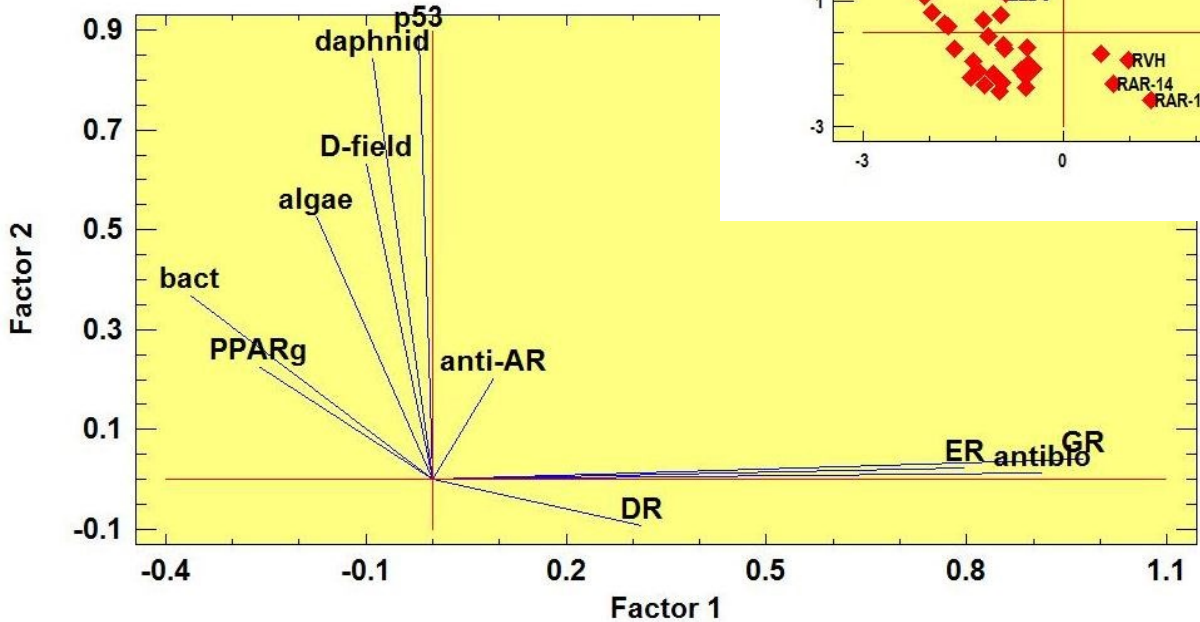
# SIMONI 1.2: risks of wwtp emissions



Highest ecological risk [score >1] at undiluted wwtp emissions

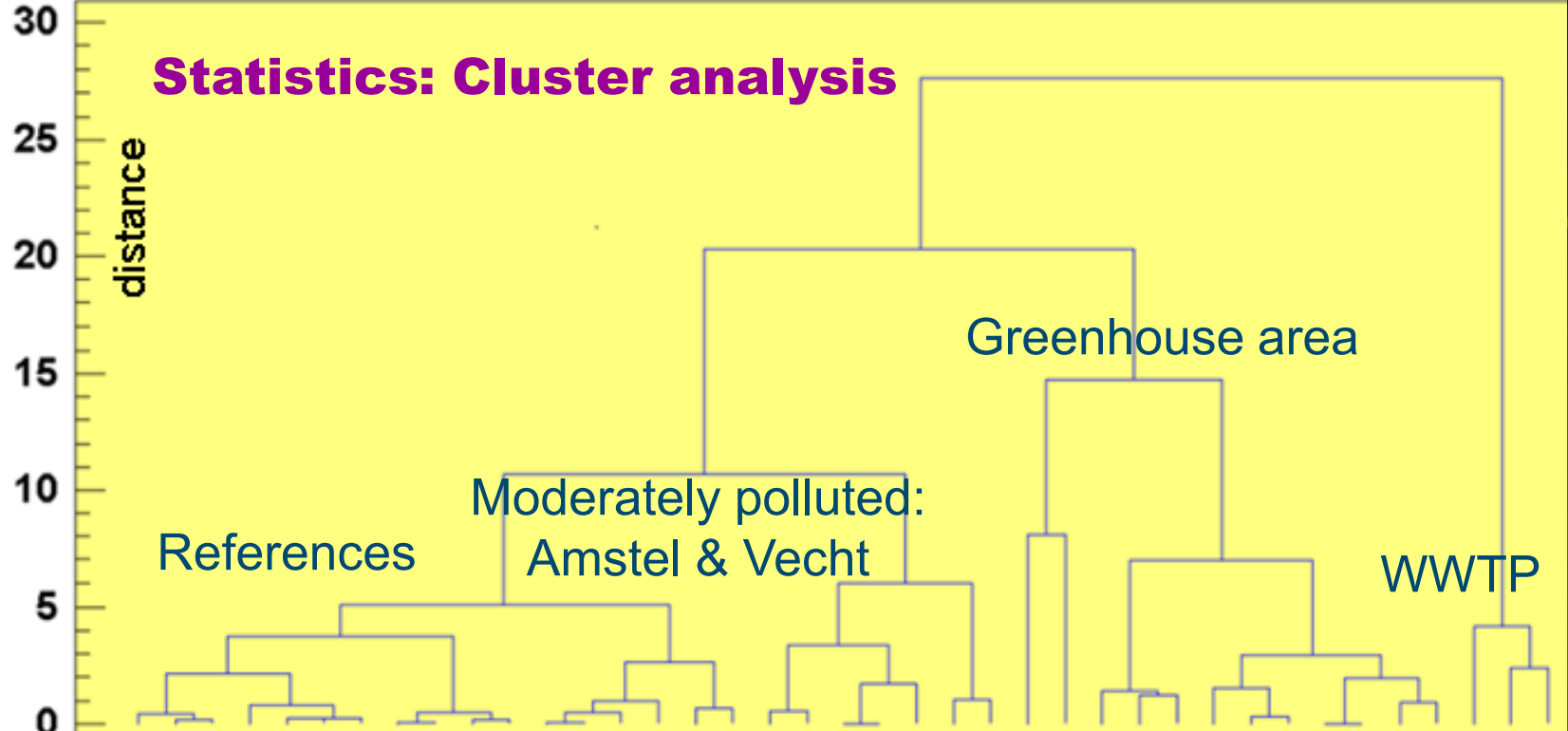
# Statistics: Factor analysis (PCA)

## Factor loadings



## Sites scatter plot

# Statistics: Cluster analysis



Sites	LWP-12	SWS	LHM	LWP-15	LBH	LRW	LKL	RVU	ML3-S	ZL6-J	ML3-J	ABU	ML2-J	ZL2-S	AAU	RVL	PKN	RVH	RAA-14	RAR-14	RAA-15	RAR-15	RAU	LEM	ZL1	ZL5-J	HL1	ZL3-J	ZL5-S	ZL2-J	ZL4-J	ZL4-S	DZH-S	ZL6-S	ZL3-S	ML2-S	GHI-14	GHI-15	GBL						
SIMONI	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,3	0,1	0,4	0,5	0,3	0,6	0,8	1,1	0,8	0,6	0,3	0,7	0,6	0,7	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,9	2,7	1,8	1,5	1,4	2,2	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,0	0,9	1,2	1,3	1,7	1,7	1,7						
field																																													
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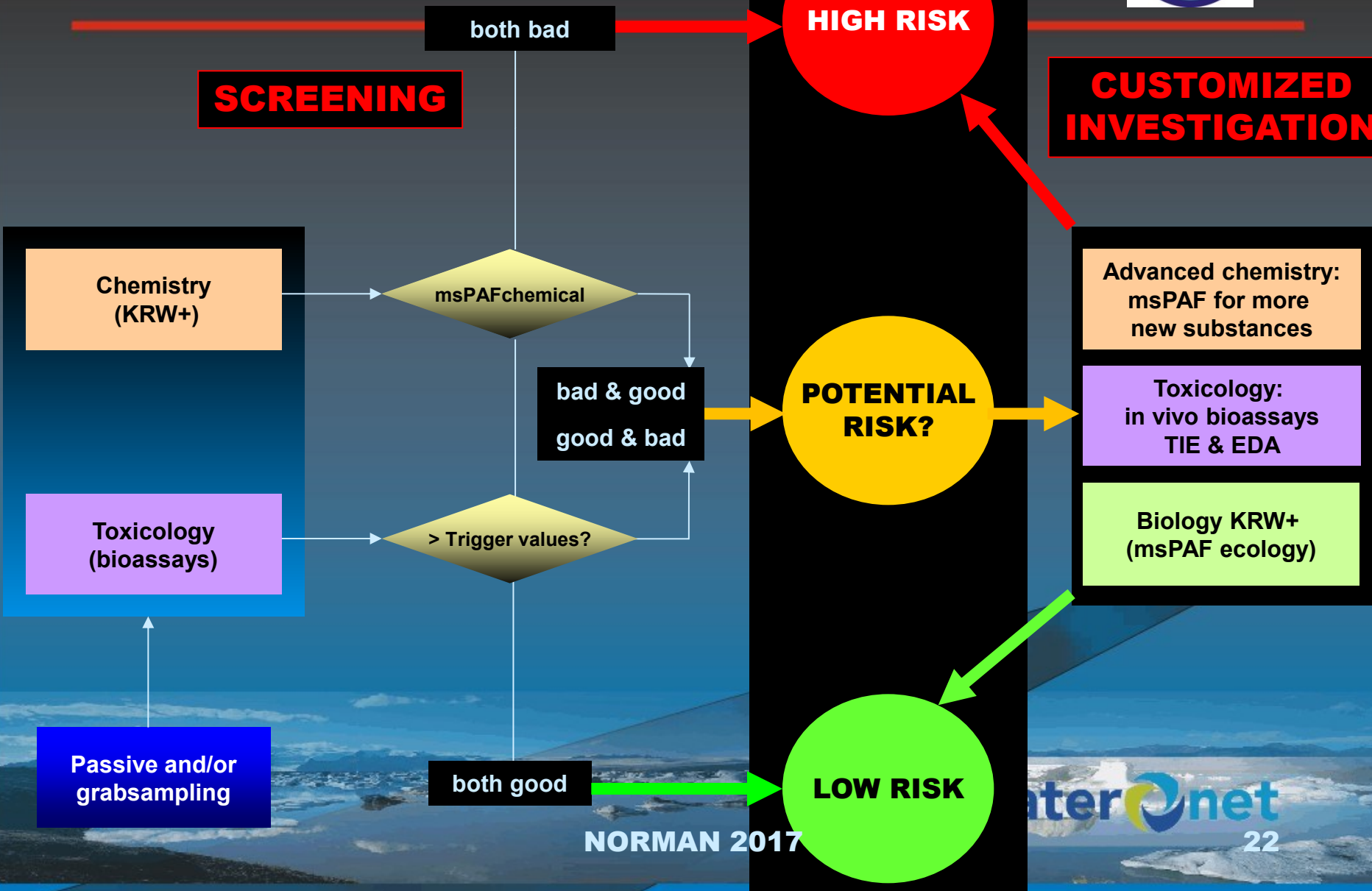
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# The near future..?



**SCREENING**

**CUSTOMIZED INVESTIGATION**



# Uncertainties SIMONI vs. WFD?

SIMONI

- Bioassays or biomarkers
  - No (sensitive) response to all pollutants
- Passive sampling
  - Not all compounds accumulate in samplers

Uncertainties of combination?

Different mixture

WFD

- Grab sampling
  - Snapshot; variation and no information on bioavailability
- No information on >100,000 other chemicals in water cycle

# What do we need...?

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- Optimisation of bioassay selection and trigger values (UvA)
- Improved quantification of effects in passive sampler extracts
- Design of more 'simple' bioassays for effect measurement
- Design of less expensive EDA/TIE (HT-EDA)
- Support from other (EU) countries to use the SIMONI framework

**Paradigm shift: substances → effects!**



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# Thanks!



Research & Innovation Steering Group

Bianca, Giulia, Maria, Laura & Thao



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# New perspectives

